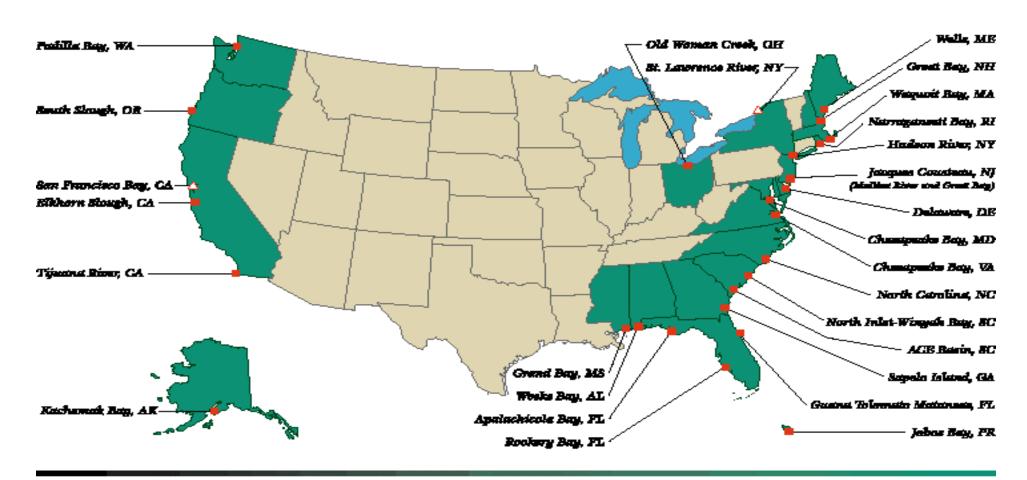
National Estuarine Research Reserve

System-wide Monitoring Program (SWMP)



National Estuarine Research Reserve System







Research Platforms

- Study natural and anthropogenicallyinduced change in estuarine ecosystem ecology.
- Long-term scientific program to address fundamental coastal management issues.
- Transfer knowledge to relevant users.

NERRS Management Issues

- Assessment Tools
- Atmospheric Deposition
- Boating Impacts
- Barrier Beach Dynamics
- Buffer Strips
- Contaminants
- Ecosystem Health
- **Ecoturism**
- Fish Habitat
- Global warming/sea level rise
- Ground water contamination
- Habitat assessment
- Habitat quality
- Habitat restoration

- Hypoxia
- Impoundments
- Improved environmental data
- Increased Development
- Invasive Species
- Land-use changes
- Non-point source pollution
- Nutrients
- Prioritize resource threats
- Relaxation of environmental regulations
- Sediment processes
- Sustainable use
- Water diversion
- Water quality

Reserve Monitoring

Then

- Historically has varied in purpose, scope and intensity
- Collect data for site characterization

■ Now

- Develop a research and monitoring capability that addresses management questions
- Enhance ecosystem assessment
- Develop an integrated comprehensive monitoring program
- Provide a strong information base for decision making

NERRS Monitoring Program

Monitoring Goal:

"To identify and track short-term variability and long-term changes in the integrity and biodiversity of representative estuarine ecosystems and coastal watersheds for the purpose of contributing to effective National, regional, and site specific coastal zone management."

NERRS Monitoring Program

- Element 1 Abiotic Monitoring
 - Water Quality
 - Weather
 - Pollution
- Element 2 Ecological Monitoring
 - Habitat Change
 - Biodiversity
- **Element 3 Land Use Patterns**
 - Land Use & Development
 - GIS

Element 1: Water Quality

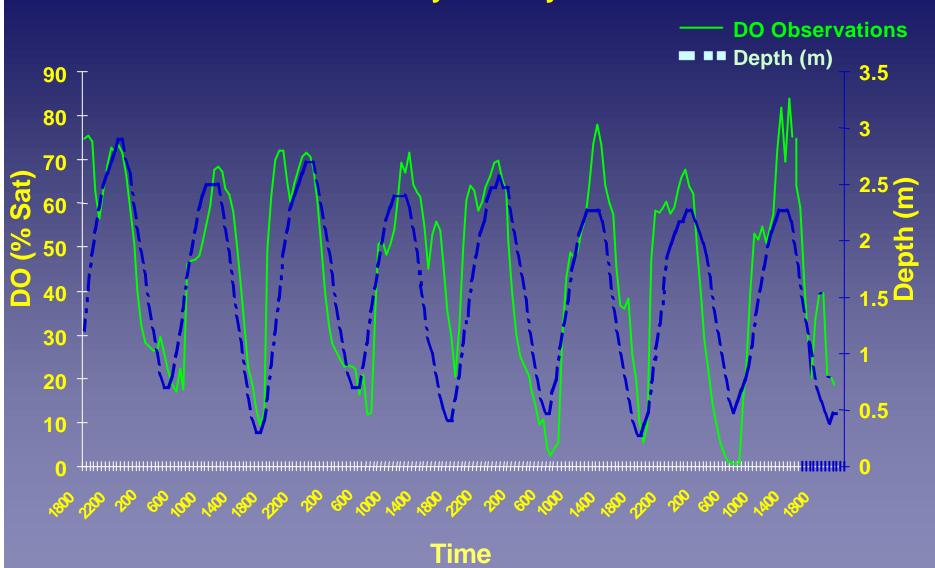
Deploying 2-4 YSI 6000 Data Loggers at each Reserve to measure Water Quality.

- Temperature
- Conductivity (Salinity)
- Dissolved Oxygen

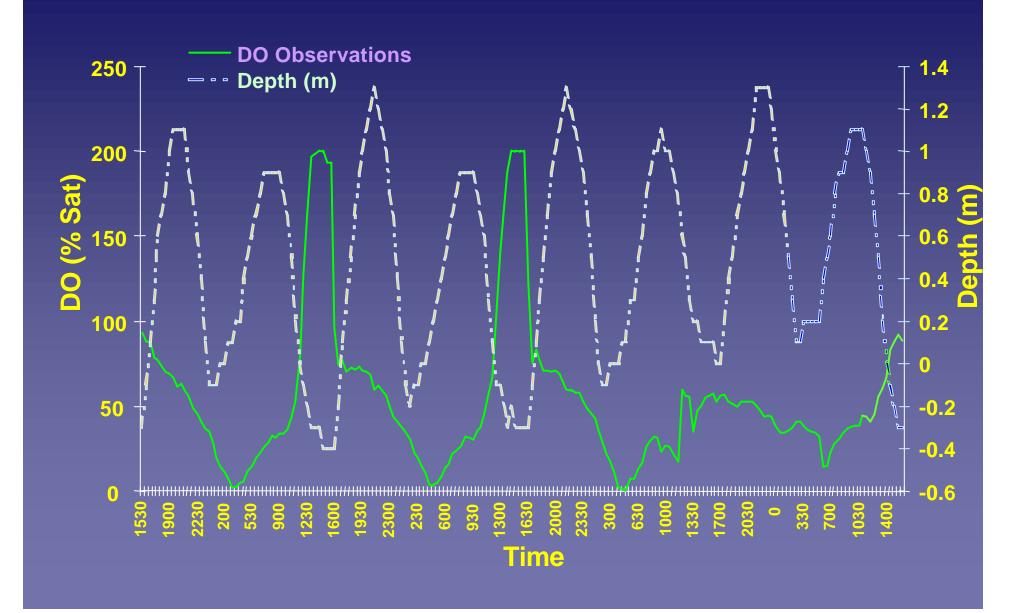
- Turbidity
- pH
- Pressure (Depth)



13 July - 17 July 1995



24 July - 28 July 1995



Element 1: Weather

Weather Data collected at each Reserve beginning in 2000.

- Wind Speed
- Wind Direction
- Air Temperature
- Relative Humidity

- Rainfall
- Barometric Pressure
- Photosynthetically Active Radiation

Centralized Data Management Office (CDMO)

- Mission: To oversee the management,
 documentation, and publication of the
 NERRS monitoring data on the Internet.
 - Tasks:
 - QA/QC
 - Establish data management strategies and protocols
 - Provide dial-up access to all Reserves
 - Provide Internet Access to SWMP Data

Element 2: Ecological Monitoring

- Ecological Monitoring Workshop (October 1999)
- Planning Phase FY 2000
- YSI Fluorescence Probe Pilot (Chl. <u>a</u>)
- Habitat Mapping Pilot

Element 3: Land Use Change

- Linking Water Quality, Weather, and Ecological Monitoring to changes in Watershed Land Uses
- Currently Building Infrastructure in NERRS - PAGIS Project

Protected Area GIS Project

To Date:

- GIS Computer Platform with ArcView software for each Reserve
- ArcView Training for all Reserves
- Limited Staff Assistance
- Base Data layer Development
- Customized Data Products

Data Layers

- Boundary Layer
- USGS Digital Orthoquads
- Digital 7.5'
 Topographic Quads
- Political Boundaries
- Roads

- Hydrography
- Shoreline
- Watersheds
- NWI Wetlands
- Environmental Sensitivity Index
- Digital Orthophotography